

Raised Bill No. 6671

January Session, 2021

LCO No. 5832



Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE PROVISION OF LEGAL COUNSEL IN A CRIMINAL MATTER TO A PERSON UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 46b-136 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- 3 (a) In any proceeding in a juvenile matter, except as provided in 4 subsection (c) of this section, the judge before whom such proceeding is 5 pending shall, even in the absence of a request to do so, provide an 6 attorney to represent the child or youth, the child's or youth's parent or parents or guardian, or other person having control of the child or 8 youth, if such judge determines that the interests of justice so require, 9 and in any proceeding in which the custody of a child is at issue, such 10 judge shall provide an attorney to represent the child and may authorize 11 such attorney or appoint another attorney to represent such child or 12 youth, parent, guardian or other person on an appeal from a decision in 13 such proceeding.
- 14 (b) [(1)] When, under the provisions of this section, the court appoints

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counsel in a proceeding in a juvenile matter in the civil session and orders the Division of Public Defender Services to provide such counsel, the cost of such counsel shall be shared as agreed to by the Division of Public Defender Services and the Judicial Department. When, under the provisions of this [subdivision] subsection, the court so appoints counsel for any party who is found able to pay, in whole or in part, the cost thereof, the court shall assess as costs against such party, including any agency vested with the legal custody of the child or youth, the expense incurred and paid by the Division of Public Defender Services and the Judicial Department in providing such counsel, and order reimbursement to the Division of Public Defender Services and the Judicial Department to the extent of the party's financial ability to do so.

[(2) When, under the provisions of this section, the court appoints counsel in a proceeding in a juvenile matter in the criminal session and orders the Division of Public Defender Services to provide such counsel, the cost of such counsel shall be incurred by the Division of Public Defender Services. When, under the provisions of this subdivision, the court so appoints counsel for any party who is found able to pay, in whole or in part, the cost thereof, the court shall assess as costs against such party, including any agency vested with the legal custody of the child or youth, the expense incurred and paid by the Division of Public Defender Services in providing such counsel, and order reimbursement to the Division of Public Defender Services to the extent of the party's financial ability to do so.]

(c) (1) In any proceeding in a juvenile matter in the criminal session, the judge before whom such proceeding is pending shall, even in the absence of a request to do so, provide an attorney to represent a child or youth who is under eighteen years of age. If the judge orders the Division of Public Defender Services to provide such counsel, the cost of such counsel shall be incurred by the Division of Public Defender Services. When, under the provisions of this subdivision, the court so appoints counsel for any party who is found able to pay, in whole or in part, the cost thereof, the court shall assess as costs against such party, including any agency vested with the legal custody of the child or youth,

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- 49 the expense incurred and paid by the Division of Public Defender
- 50 Services in providing such counsel, and order reimbursement to the
- 51 <u>Division of Public Defender Services to the extent of the party's financial</u>
- 52 <u>ability to do so.</u>
- 53 (2) An attorney provided for a child or youth pursuant to subdivision
- 54 (1) of this subsection shall continue to represent such child or youth until
- 55 such time as the parent or guardian of the child or, if emancipated, the
- 56 <u>child or youth, chooses another attorney to represent such child or</u>
- 57 youth and such attorney files an appearance on behalf of such child or
- 58 youth. If at any time such child or youth is not represented by an
- 59 <u>attorney</u>, the judge shall provide such child or youth with an attorney
- 60 pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- [(c)] (d) The Division of Public Defender Services shall establish the
- 62 rate at which counsel provided pursuant to this section shall be
- 63 compensated.
- 64 Sec. 2. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 46b-127 of the
- 65 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 66 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- 67 (a) (1) The court shall automatically transfer from the docket for
- 68 juvenile matters to the regular criminal docket of the Superior Court the
- 69 case of any child charged with the commission of a capital felony under
- 70 the provisions of section 53a-54b in effect prior to April 25, 2012, a class
- 71 A felony, or a class B felony, except as provided in subdivision (3) of this
- subsection, or a violation of section 53a-54d, provided such offense was
- 73 committed after such child attained the age of fifteen years and counsel
- has been appointed for such child [if such child is indigent] <u>pursuant to</u>
- 75 <u>section 46b-136, as amended by this act</u>. Such counsel may appear with
- the child but shall not be permitted to make any argument or file any
- 77 motion in opposition to the transfer. The child shall be arraigned in the
- 78 regular criminal docket of the Superior Court at the next court date
- 79 following such transfer, provided any proceedings held prior to the
- 80 finalization of such transfer shall be private and shall be conducted in

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such parts of the courthouse or the building in which the court is located that are separate and apart from the other parts of the court which are then being used for proceedings pertaining to adults charged with crimes.

Sec. 3. Section 46b-135 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):

- (a) At the commencement of any proceeding concerning the alleged delinquency of a child, the [child shall have the right to counsel and be so informed by the judge, and that if the child and the parent or parents or guardian of the child are unable to afford counsel, counsel will be provided for the child] judge shall appoint counsel for the child as provided in section 46b-136, as amended by this act. Such counsel and the child shall have the rights of confrontation and cross-examination. If a parent fails to comply with a court order entered in the best interests of the alleged or adjudicated delinquent child and is facing potential imprisonment for contempt of court, such parent, if unable to afford counsel, shall be entitled to have counsel provided for such parent pursuant to this subsection.
- (b) At the commencement of any proceeding on behalf of a neglected, uncared-for or abused child or youth, the parent or parents or guardian of the child or youth shall have the right to counsel, and shall be so informed by the judge, and that if they are unable to afford counsel, counsel will be provided for them. Such parent or guardian of the child or youth shall have the rights of confrontation and cross-examination.
- Sec. 4. Subsection (g) of section 51-289 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2021):
 - (g) The commission shall be responsible for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and, to carry out those purposes, the commission shall adopt rules relating to the operations of a Division of Public Defender Services and shall provide any facilities, other than those provided in the courts by the Judicial Department, necessary for the carrying out of

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those services. Such rules shall include, but need not be limited to, Income and Eligibility Guidelines for the representation of indigent

- Income and Eligibility Guidelines for the representation of indigent
- individuals and minors.

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- Sec. 5. Section 51-296 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
 - (a) (1) In any criminal action, in any habeas corpus proceeding arising from a criminal matter, in any extradition proceeding, or in any delinquency matter, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the court before which the matter is pending shall, if it determines after investigation by the public defender or his office that a defendant is indigent as defined under this chapter, designate a public defender, assistant public defender or deputy assistant public defender to represent such indigent defendant, unless, in a misdemeanor case, at the time of the application for appointment of counsel, the court decides to dispose of the pending charge without subjecting the defendant to a sentence involving immediate incarceration or a suspended sentence of incarceration with a period of probation or the court believes that the disposition of the pending case at a later date will not result in a sentence involving immediate incarceration or a suspended sentence of incarceration with a period of probation and makes a statement to that effect on the record. If it appears to the court at a later date that, if convicted, the sentence of an indigent defendant for whom counsel has not been appointed will involve immediate incarceration or a suspended sentence of incarceration with a period of probation, counsel shall be appointed prior to trial or the entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.
 - (2) In any criminal action or delinquency matter involving a person under eighteen years of age, the court before which the matter is pending shall designate a public defender, assistant public defender or deputy assistant public defender to represent such person, regardless of the financial ability of the parents, guardians or those legally responsible for the support of such person to pay for such representation.

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(b) In the case of codefendants, the court may appoint one or more public defenders, assistant public defenders or deputy assistant public defenders to represent such defendants or may appoint counsel from the trial list established under section 51-291.

- (c) (1) The division shall provide, pursuant to section 51-296a: (A) Legal services and guardians ad litem to children, youths and indigent respondents in family relations matters in which the state has been ordered to pay the cost of such legal services and guardians ad litem, provided legal services shall be provided to indigent respondents pursuant to this subparagraph only in paternity proceedings and contempt proceedings; and (B) legal services and guardians ad litem to children, youths and indigent legal parties in proceedings before the superior court for juvenile matters. To carry out the requirements of this subsection, the office of Chief Public Defender may contract with (i) appropriate not-for-profit legal services agencies, (ii) individual lawyers or law firms for the delivery of legal services to represent children and indigent legal parties in such proceedings, and (iii) mental health professionals as guardians ad litem in family relations matters. Any contract entered into pursuant to this subsection may include terms encouraging or requiring the use of a multidisciplinary agency model of legal representation.
- (2) The division shall establish a system to ensure that attorneys providing legal services pursuant to this subsection are assigned to cases in a manner that will avoid conflicts of interest, as defined by the Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (3) The division shall establish training, practice and caseload standards for the representation of children, youths, indigent respondents and indigent legal parties pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such standards shall apply to each attorney who represents children, youths, indigent respondents or indigent legal parties pursuant to this subsection and shall be designed to ensure a high quality of legal representation. The training standards for attorneys required by this subdivision shall be designed to ensure proficiency in

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the procedural and substantive law related to such matters and to establish a minimum level of proficiency in relevant subject areas, including, but not limited to, family violence, child development, behavioral health, educational disabilities and cultural competence.

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- (d) Prior to the appearance in court in any matter specified in this section by a defendant, child, youth, respondent or legal party, a public defender, assistant public defender, deputy assistant public defender or Division of Public Defender Services assigned counsel, upon a determination that the defendant, child, youth, respondent or legal party is indigent pursuant to subsection (a) of section 51-297, shall be authorized to represent the defendant, child, youth, respondent or legal party until the court appoints counsel for such defendant, child, youth, respondent or legal party.
- 191 Sec. 6. Section 51-299 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):

Except in cases in which counsel has been appointed pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 51-296, as amended by this act, or subsection (c) of section 51-296, as amended by this act, whenever a person requesting services pursuant to this chapter is under the age of eighteen years, eligibility for services shall be measured in terms of the financial circumstances of such person and of his parents, guardians, or those legally responsible for the support of such person. The commission shall be entitled to recover the reasonable cost of legal services, as determined in accordance with the schedule of reasonable charges for public defender services provided by the commission, from the parents, guardians, trustees or those legally responsible for the support of such person and the provisions of section 51-298 shall apply to such persons, including when counsel has been appointed pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 52-596, as amended by this act. In so doing, it shall have the authority to require such parents, guardians or other such persons as well as those persons holding property in trust or otherwise for such minor or unemancipated person to execute and deliver to the commission or its employees any written

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requests or authorizations required under applicable law or otherwise to provide the Chief Public Defender or those serving under him with access to such records of public or private sources, otherwise confidential, or any other information which may be relevant to the question of eligibility or liability to the commission under this chapter.

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- Sec. 7. Section 46b-137 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2021*):
- (a) Any admission, confession or statement, written or oral, made by a child under the age of sixteen to a police officer or Juvenile Court official, and any evidence derived therefrom, shall be inadmissible in any proceeding concerning the alleged delinquency of the child making such admission, confession or statement unless [made by] (1) such child made such admission, confession or statement in the presence of the child's parent or parents or guardian and after the parent or parents or guardian and child have been advised [(1)] (A) of the child's right to retain counsel, [or if unable to afford counsel,] to have counsel appointed on the child's behalf, and that the right to counsel may not be waived, [(2)] (B) of the child's right to refuse to make any statements, and [(3)] (C) that any statements the child makes may be introduced into evidence against the child, and (2) any interview of the child by a police officer or Juvenile Court official after the parent or parents or guardian and child are advised as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection occurs in the presence of the child's attorney.
- (b) Any admission, confession or statement, written or oral, made by a child sixteen or seventeen years of age to a police officer or Juvenile Court official, [except an admission, confession or statement, written or oral, made by a child sixteen or seventeen years of age to a police officer in connection with a case transferred to the Juvenile Court from the youthful offender docket, regular criminal docket of the Superior Court or any docket for the presentment of defendants in motor vehicle matters] and any evidence derived therefrom, shall be inadmissible in any criminal proceeding or proceeding concerning the alleged delinquency of the child making such admission, confession or

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statement, unless (1) the police or Juvenile Court official has made reasonable efforts to contact a parent or guardian of the child, [and] (2) such child has been advised that (A) the child has the right to contact a parent or guardian and to have a parent or guardian present during any interview, (B) the child has the right to retain counsel, [or, if unable to afford counsel,] to have counsel appointed on behalf of the child, and that the right to counsel may not be waived, (C) the child has the right to refuse to make any statement, and (D) any statement the child makes may be introduced into evidence against the child, and (3) any interview of the child by a police officer or Juvenile Court official after the child is advised as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection occurs in the presence of the child's attorney.

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[(c) The admissibility of any admission, confession or statement, written or oral, made by a child sixteen or seventeen years of age to a police officer or Juvenile Court official, except an admission, confession or statement, written or oral, made by a child sixteen or seventeen years of age to a police officer in connection with a case transferred to the Juvenile Court from the youthful offender docket, regular criminal docket of the Superior Court or any docket for the presentment of defendants in motor vehicle matters, shall be determined by considering the totality of the circumstances at the time of the making of such confession admission, or statement. When determining admissibility of such admission, confession or statement, the court shall consider (1) the age, experience, education, background and intelligence of the child, (2) the capacity of the child to understand the advice concerning rights and warnings required under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section, the nature of the privilege against selfincrimination under the United States and Connecticut Constitutions, and the consequences of waiving such rights and privilege, (3) the opportunity the child had to speak with a parent, guardian or some other suitable individual prior to or while making such admission, confession or statement, and (4) the circumstances surrounding the making of the admission, confession or statement, including, but not limited to, (A) when and where the admission, confession or statement

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was made, (B) the reasonableness of proceeding, or the need to proceed, without a parent or guardian present, and (C) the reasonableness of efforts by the police or Juvenile Court official to attempt to contact a parent or guardian.]

[(d)] (c) Any confession, admission or statement, written or oral, made by the parent or parents or guardian of the child or youth after the filing of a petition alleging such child or youth to be neglected, uncared for or abused shall be inadmissible in any proceeding held upon such petition against the person making such admission or statement unless such person shall have been advised of the person's right to retain counsel, and that if the person is unable to afford counsel, counsel will be appointed to represent the person, that the person has a right to refuse to make any statement and that any statements the person makes may be introduced in evidence against the person, except that any statement made by the mother of any child or youth, upon inquiry by the court and under oath if necessary, as to the identity of any person who might be the father of the child or youth shall not be inadmissible if the mother was not so advised.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2021	46b-136
Sec. 2	October 1, 2021	46b-127(a)(1)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2021	46b-135
Sec. 4	October 1, 2021	51-289(g)
Sec. 5	October 1, 2021	51-296
Sec. 6	October 1, 2021	51-299
Sec. 7	October 1, 2021	46b-137

Statement of Purpose:

To (1) provide legal counsel to any person under the age of eighteen in a criminal or delinquency proceeding, and (2) make inadmissible in such proceedings any statements from a person under the age of eighteen, and any evidence derived from such statements, unless the person's attorney was present at the interview.

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[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

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